

# City of Coburg Framework for Continued Progress

The Coburg City Council exists to support the needs and desires of the community by providing critical core services such as clean drinking water, wastewater treatment, public safety and transportation and parks systems. The Council is responsible for ensuring all operations and infrastructure funds are maximized to meet the current and future needs of the community.

To meet these objectives, the 2024 City Council has organized the City's work into the following categories and intends to develop a measurement and reporting system to track and communicate the effectiveness of Council, staff, community and regional partners in its progress over this year and beyond.

## Our Community

Community Safety, Economy, Livability & Engagement

## **Our Natural Resources**

Water, Trees & Hazard Mitigation

## **Our Government**

Organizational Health, Development & Effectiveness

## **Our Utility Systems**

Infrastructure Planning, Investment & Management

## **Our Financial Resources**

Financial Planning & Management

## I. Our Community

Community Safety, Economy, Livability & Engagement

## 1) Emergency Management & Response

Continued and ongoing education, training and acquisition of tools, equipment and technology is critical to ensure City staff are as prepared and equipped to respond both directly and in a support role to all types and scales of emergencies that occur and impact residents and businesses of Coburg. A review of the City's existing Emergency Operations Plan and Continuity of Operations Plan along with the development and implementation of a schedule of event scenario trainings should be prioritized.

### 2) Community Communication & Engagement Plan

Effective communication and community engagement is an ever-evolving objective. The development of an updated comprehensive communication plan provides a review of existing communication channels (website, social media, etc), identifies inconsistency in the use of the channels and the tools used to develop and distribute content (document templates, videos, signage, etc. Engagement techniques to be reviewed and developed include community surveys, town halls, recognition/appreciation events, City committee structure, scope and duration.

### 3) Code Compliance Review and Strategy

The development of an agreed upon strategy and structure to equitably, efficiently and effectively achieve compliance with various City ordinances will provide City Council and the community with clarity on the process utilized to prioritize compliance efforts, differentiate proactive vs. reactive (complaint based) compliance and clearly label when efforts transition from compliance to enforcement. The review and resulting strategy will also identify the resources needed to operate the program based on the level of service determined by Council.

## 4) Economic Support and Development Strategy

Coburg benefits greatly from the economic development efforts of its regional and state-level partners. Development of a local staff level strategy provides base level support for existing and future Coburg businesses and gives Council and staff a clear understanding of its role as well as the level of staff resources required to implement the program at the level selected by Council. The recent establishment of Coburg Main Street provides renewed opportunity for engagement and programming to support and expand retail, food service and other business sectors. The recently annexed 107acre light industrial lands to the east of I-5 provide an opportunity to examine and plan for water and wastewater infrastructure expansion to support valuable job and valuation growth in Coburg's light industrial sector.

## **II.** Our Natural Resources

Water, Trees & Hazard Mitigation

## 1) Parks and Open Space Master Plan Review

Coburg has developed and utilized a Parks and Open Space Master Plan to guide the development of its existing and future park and open space lands. The full plan was adopted in 2005 and was most recently updated in 2019. Continued success, support and enjoyment of Coburg's park system requires periodic review of the master plan to evaluate policy outcomes, management/maintenance discoveries and issues to resolve, prior and future demographic forecasts, regulatory changes and funding/resources required to maintain the level of service desired and expected from the Council and the community. Options available to Council and the community for continued investment in the care, maintenance and desired expansion of the park system should also be a component of this review.

## 2) Long Range Planning – Land Use and Transportation

Coburg must soon resolve its current state land use challenges relating to its availability of lands, primarily residential, for future growth. All local jurisdictions in Oregon must plan for and maintain lands available for inclusion into their city limits via annexation through the use of an urban growth boundary. Coburg does not currently have any lands designated for future urban growth (city limits boundary line = urban growth boundary line). The first step in determining the need, scale and type of land needed is by completing a Buildable Lands Inventory (BLI). This analysis examines the full build-out potential for lands already within the City limits and calculates the amount of residential, commercial and/or industrial land that must be created within the urban growth boundary.

The BLI analysis feeds into the transportation future planning needs of the City, culminating in the Transportation System Plan (TSP). Future growth and its impact on transportation, water/wastewater infrastructure, public safety and parks systems all converge in the City's Comprehensive Plan, a state mandated long range planning tool that both Staff and the Planning Commission will be reviewing with the objective of prioritizing potential revisions and updates that it will recommend Council consider undertaking in future years.

## 3) Tree Management and Maintenance Plan – Public and Private Property

Short- and long-term community impacts of wind and ice weather events are heavily influenced and affected by tree related damage. Downed trees and major tree limbs cause power and internet outages, obstruct travel lanes for emergency vehicles and pose significant risk to human life. An action plan and funding to evaluate, remove and trim the tree canopy throughout the community is a valuable community risk reduction opportunity. Emergency management/Risk Reduction Grant funding may be a potential source of funds.

## 4) Vegetation Management and Maintenance Plan

Significant resources are expended to manage vegetation within all public lands in Coburg, primarily in three categories; formal, landscaped park lands, open space (wetlands, trails) and unimproved rights of way and natural storm water areas. To maintain current desired service levels for vegetation management, a different approach and deployment of resources will need to be developed. A management and maintenance plan examines current conditions, develops options for physical alterations that improves the efficiency of maintenance operations while maintaining or enhancing an areas visual and functional appeal and establishes schedules, costs and priorities for whatever level of resources are allocated to this program.

## III. Our Government

#### Organizational Health, Development & Effectiveness

### 1) Technology Assessment and Action Plan

While not typically seen by Council or the community, the operations of the City rely heavily on technology. A technology assessment and action plan provides for a comprehensive review of the existing software, hardware and associated equipment currently in use, its lifecycle value and replacement cost and ongoing service/subscription/maintenance fees.

Assessment categories include: Network and workstation hardware/software, mobile/field devices, financial systems software, Water and Wastewater system SCADA (Supervisory control and data acquisition), software PD body cameras, communications systems, facilities monitoring (alarm, camera, locks). Action plan includes evaluation and budget strategy of alternative technologies, new tech implementation, replacement schedules, etc

### 2) Codification of Ordinances

Coburg is one of a relatively small number of local municipal governments in Oregon that has not assembled its ordinances and regulations into a formal, unified Municipal Code. The ordinances, resolutions, contracts and other foundational documents that set and guide the operations of the City and regulate a variety of matters throughout the community are all currently properly maintained, stored and retained consistent with state law. The purpose of codification is to organize the disparate ordinances under a cohesive, logical framework of chapters and sections bringing uniformity, ease of access and further transparency of local governance.

### 3) Human Resources Assessment and Action Plan

Human capital, i.e. City Staff, is the single largest annual financial investment in the annual operating budget. An HR Assessment and Action Plan involves a review and proposed updates to the Employee Handbook, compensation plan, job descriptions, performance review program, as well as the development of an employee wellness program. The Action Plan will include recommendations for both administrative and Council policy level decision making and implementation.

## 4) Strategic Planning

The annual Council goal setting and workplan retreat and document adoption form a solid base to move the organization and community forward to the development of a Strategic Plan. Formally connecting vision, goals, objectives and actions over a multi-year timeframe that includes measurable benchmarks for tracking progress, cost and outcome is a natural next step in effectively delivering high levels of service that support, protect and enhance the livability of Coburg.

## IV. Our Utility Systems

Infrastructure Planning, Investment & Management

## 1) Capital Improvements Plan (CIP)

A strong Capital Improvements Plan is a foundational financial planning document for all nonoperating investments made by the City for the benefit of the community. The CIP is a multi-year (typically 5-year) plan for any capital infrastructure investments above and beyond operational repair and maintenance. CIP projects typically come from utility infrastructure master plans and other similar long-range system analysis documents. CIP categories include Water System, Wastewater System, Transportation (Streets) System, Storm Drain System, Parks and Open Space, Facilities and major equipment/technology.

A CIP provides Council and the community with a clear understanding of the major investments, timing, costs and reasons for the projects that impact the rates and fees charged to maintain, upgrade and/or replace infrastructure the community relies on as part of their daily lives. The CIP is presented to Council each spring prior to the annual budget process to shape the proposed annual budget presented by the City Administrator to the Budget Committee and ultimately City Council.

### 2) Wastewater Facility Plan

An update to the full Wastewater System Plan will commence in the spring of 2024 and will continue into the coming fiscal year. This facility plan update will provide staff and Council with a review of the condition of the treatment plant, its current excess capacity, its expected upcoming necessary capital investments and an estimate of it reaching its full capacity requiring an expansion of the plant to add new capacity. This will directly connect with the FY25-26 CIP as a key component of long-term utility infrastructure planning.

### 3) Storm Water Master Plan

Currently in development, the Storm Water Master Plan will provide similar data and planning forecasts as the above-mentioned Wastewater Plan. The plan will also contain plans for maintaining compliance with increasing state and federal levels of storm drain system regulations. Future infrastructure improvement projects will require funding sources that do not currently exist and this plan will provide baseline costs and will inform rate making decisions that will need to be discussed and determined within the next 18-24 months.

### 4) Street Preservation and Improvement Strategy Plan

With the successful creation of two local funding sources, the transportation utility fee and the local gas tax, Coburg has implemented aggressive street preservation and improvement work. Costs associated with both preservation and improvement have steadily increased requiring a review of the complete pavement management system analysis of the local street infrastructure to reset the project priorities, reduce the annual project list or determine the required additional funding necessary to maintain the current level of preservation and improvement projects and road miles treated.

Financial Planning & Management

## 1) Financial System Training and Utilization

The City's current financial system has the capacity to be further leveraged to improve operational efficiency, ease of financial reporting and housing of more activities and programs within its system that are currently being done in outdated and ineffective ways. To fully utilize the tools available within the system, additional staff training for Finance, Administration and the full management team will be necessary.

## 2) Debt Service Review and Strategy

The City utilizes debt services for the majority of its infrastructure projects, with most debt located in the water and wastewater funds. Smaller debt service exists in the street fund for road/sidewalk improvement projects and in the general fund for the City Hall facility. While several debt instruments were recently refinanced, a review of the terms of the refinanced debt and an assessment of available refinancing opportunities would be prudent, as well as the development of a debt strategy by fund to maintain maximum flexibility to utilize additional debt service to fund necessary infrastructure projects prior to the retirement date of the existing debt.

## 3) Financial Policies and Procedures Update

The current Financial Policies and Accounting Procedures document has recently been reviewed by the Finance/Audit committee and staff intends to incorporate their input and recommendations into its review and updating of the document. The setting of minimum fund balance targets, a discussion of the benefits/implications of a Reserve Fund and the separation of Financial Policies (resolution of Council) from Accounting Procedures (internal) are some of the key issues of the update process.

## 4) Long-term (10 yr) Revenue Needs Forecast

As noted in the prior year budget cycle, revenues across all funds will continue to strain to maintain current levels of service and may be limited in the amount of additional debt service each fund can take on to facilitate needed infrastructure projects. This is most acute in the general fund, as revenue streams do not keep pace with the rise in expenditures needed to maintain status quo operations for Police, Parks, Planning, Municipal Court and general government (Admin).

A long-term revenue needs forecast examines the diminishing ratio of revenue to expense in each fund and estimates when the fund goes "in the red" if no changes are made to either the revenue or expense trajectory of each fund. In parallel to this forecast, new revenue sources for each fund are identified and inserted into the long-term budget with multiple scenarios to provide Council with a sense of the scale of options available for the generation of new revenue and its impact on service levels and capital projects.